According to IHL, civilians in occupied territories can be assigned to residence for imperative reasons of security. However, such a decision should be taken by the competent authority on an individual basis (see Collective punishments [1]), with a possibility to appeal it, and subject to legal review every six months.

See also Civilian internees [2]; Internment [3].

OUTLINE

Chapter 8, IV. 6. c) aa) Decision on internment or assignment to residence [4]

LEGAL SOURCE

GCIV, 41 [5]

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GCIV, 136

**CASES**

Israel, Ajuri v. IDF Commander

United States, The Schlesinger Report

Israel, Detention of Unlawful Combatants [Part A.]

United States, The Taguba Report

**Source URL:** https://casebook.icrc.org/glossary/assigned-residence

**Links**


