The principle of military necessity is, like the related principle of proportionality, an essential component of international humanitarian law.

The “principle of military necessity” permits measures which are actually necessary to accomplish a legitimate military purpose and are not otherwise prohibited by international humanitarian law. In the case of an armed conflict the only legitimate military purpose is to weaken the military capacity of the other parties to the conflict.

Military necessity generally runs counter to humanitarian exigencies. Consequently the purpose of humanitarian law is to strike a balance between military necessity and humanitarian exigencies.

See also Military objectives; Military Advantage; Fundamental Principles of IHL; Humanity;
ILC, Draft Articles on State responsibility

US/UK, Report on the Conduct of the Persian Gulf War

US, Surrendering in the Persian Gulf War

Mali, Destruction of World Cultural Heritage

Israel, Blockade of Gaza and the Flotilla Incident

Autonomous Weapon Systems

ICRC, International Humanitarian Law and the challenges of contemporary armed conflicts in 2015 (Para. 56, 143, 177)

Israel/Palestine, Accountability for the Use of Lethal Force

International Criminal Court, Trial Judgment in the Case of the Prosecutor V. Jean-Pierre Bemba Gombo

ICTY, The Prosecutor v. Prlić et al.

Suggested readings:


Further readings:


Source URL: https://casebook.icrc.org/glossary/military-necessity

Links
[1] https://casebook.icrc.org/glossary/proportionality