An asymmetric conflict is characterized by the imbalance between the military capacity of the warring parties (e.g. in terms of weapon technology, equipment, intelligence information and number of troops).

Syria, Press conference with French President Francois Hollande and Russian President Vladimir Putin [7]

Sri Lanka, Naval War against Tamil Tigers [8]

Italy, Use of force against ambulances in Iraq [9]

Syria, the Battle for Aleppo [10]

ICRC, Statement - War in Cities ; What is at Stake? [11]

Iraq, The Battle for Mosul [12]

Germany, Aerial Drone Attack in Mir Ali/Pakistan [13]

Syria: Attacks on Oil Infrastructure [14]

BIBLIOGRAPHIC RESOURCES

Suggested readings:


SCHRÖFL Josef, COX Sean Michael & PANKRATZ Thomas (eds), Winning the Asymmetric War: Political, Social and Military Responses, Frankfurt am Main, P. Lang, 2009, 366 pp.


Source URL: https://casebook.icrc.org/glossary/asymmetric-warfare

Links
[1] https://casebook.icrc.org/law/fundamentals-ihl#b_i_5